1. Setting the stage:
   a. By the tenth century, the __________________ dominated religious life in Northern and Western ______________.
   b. Many people began to ____________ the Church’s ______________
   c. People felt that Church leaders were too interested in _________ pursuits, such as gaining _________ and _________ power

Reformation: A movement of ___________ ___________.

2. Causes of the Reformation (Weaknesses of the Church):
   a. Social:
      i. Renaissance values led to people to ____________ the Church
      ii. The ___________ _________ helped to spread ideas critical of the Church

   b. Political:
      i. _________ (kings) challenged the Church as the _______ _______ power in Europe
      ii. Many leaders viewed the pope as a _______ ______ and challenged his authority

   c. Economic:
      i. European princes and kings were ____________ of the Church’s __________
      ii. Merchants and others ____________ having to pay _______ to the Church

   d. Religious:
      i. Some Church leaders had become ____________ (secular) and __________
      ii. Many people found Church practices such as ____________ as unacceptable

   e. Other examples:
      i. Pope Alexander VI admitted that he had ______________________
      ii. Many priests and monks were poorly _______ and couldn’t ________ people
      iii. Other clergy ____________, drank, or ____________
      iv. Simony, Lay investiture, and the age old division of Church vs. State
3. Luther Challenges the Church
   a. Martin Luther
      i. Parents wanted him to be a ________, became a ______ and _______ instead
      ii. Taught scripture at University of _____________ in German state of _______
      iii. His 95 Theses began the __________________________
      iv. Martin Luther believed it was ok for clergy to _________ and he did
   b. 95 Theses
      i. Luther took a stand against __________ __________ who was selling
         indulgences to pay for the rebuilding of St. Peter’s Cathedral in _______
      ii. Indulgences: ____________________________________________
      iii. Indulgences were not supposed to affect God’s ________________________
      iv. Tetzel gave people impression that they were buying their way into _______
      v. On October 31, 1517 Martin Luther posted his ___________ on the door of
         the castle church in ______________
      vi. The 95 Theses were _______ statements attacking “________-merchants”
      vii. Martin Luther’s actions began the ______________
   c. Luther’s Teachings
      i. _______ ________ not needed for salvation, a person could win salvation
         based on f______
      ii. Church teachings should be based on ______ not ______ or Church
         traditions which could be corrupt or false
      iii. Priests not needed to interpret the Bible because all people with faith were
         __________
   d. Response to Luther
      i. Pope Leo X threatened Luther with __________________ if he didn’t take
         back his statements
      ii. Instead of taking statements back, Luther b_________ the pope’s decree
      iii. Leo then e_____________ Luther
      iv. Holy Roman Emperor ____________ (Catholic) summoned Luther to
         Worms in 1521 to __________ (take back) his statements
      v. Charles issues ______ of _________ --> declared Luther an outlaw and
         heretic and no one was to give him f______ or s_________
      vi. __________ the Wise of Saxony sheltered Luther --> While there, Luther
         translated the ___ __________ into __________
      vii. In 1522 Luther returned to Wittenberg and his followers became known as
         __________
      viii. The princes in Germany that supported Luther banded together to _______
         against those who were against Luther’s ideas, became known as __________
Because of Martin Luther’s actions, Christianity has two main branches in the Western world: __________ and __________.

**Constructive Response Question**

What drove Martin Luther to write the 95 Theses and what was the outcome of that action?
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**Constructive Response Question**

Compare and contrast Catholicism and Protestantism?

**Constructive Response Question**

Who was Henry VIII and how is he significant to the Reformation?

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The Tudor Family History