The Middle Ages
Outcome: The Crusades

1. The Crusades
   a. What is a crusade?
      i. A __________ involving the journey of thousands of Europeans to reclaim the holy land of ______________ in the name of Christianity
      ii. In all, there were ___ or ___ Crusades (depending on your source)

   b. When were the Crusades?
      i. Starts in _______ and lasts for nearly ____ years

   c. Why crusade? Social, Economic, Spiritual, & Political reasons
      i. _______: Opportunity to get _______ to stop fighting each other and fight a new foe. These knights ______________ in Europe.
      ii. _______: The Holy lands of Jerusalem were generally __________ than Europe and many wanted to __________ of that wealth
      iii. _______: Younger _____ who did not stand to inherit __________ _______ were looking for __________ and adventure
      iv. _______: Merchants supplied __________ to finance the journey
      v. _______: A chance for the pope to _______ _______ instead of Byzantine rival
      vi. _______: Fight/Die on Crusade = _______ to _______ (Christian __________)

2. What happened:
   a. First Crusade
      i. __________ called for a holy war against Muslims controlling holy lands
      ii. Urban’s call brought __________ _________ for the Crusade
      iii. Those who died on Crusade were assured a __________________
      iv. “______________!” was the battle cry
      v. _______ mile journey from Europe to Jerusalem
      vi. Eventually, __________ approached Jerusalem and besieged it for a month
      vii. On July 15, 1099, the ______________
      viii. In the process, the Christians ___________ all of the ________ left in the city

Second Crusade
   i. The Muslim Army under command of _____ captured Jerusalem again in 1187
   ii. The __________ ____________ to defeat Saladin and recapture the city
c. The Third Crusade
   i. Led by 3 of Europe’s most powerful ____________
      1. ____________ of France – went home
      2. German Emperor ____________ – ____________ on journey
      3. English ____________
         a. Fought many battles against _______________
         b. Agreed to a ____________ with Saladin in 1192
            i. Jerusalem stayed under ________________
            ii. Saladin promised ________________ could freely visit the city’s ____________

d. Other attempts
   i. 4th Crusade ____________ to recapture Jerusalem
   ii. In the 1200s, four more Crusades were also ____________
   iii. The ____________ Crusade (read p. 384)

3. Effects of the Crusades
   a. Example of Church ____________
   b. ____________ ____________ between Europe and Southwest Asia
   c. Thousands of ____________ and other participants ____________
   d. Those who survived brought back ____________ to Europe
   e. Persecution of ____________; thousands were slaughtered because they were ____________
   f. Failure of later Crusades ____________
   g. The Crusades weakened the power of the ____________ ____________ (Knights were dead)
   h. Began a legacy of ____________ and ____________ of Christians for the Muslims and ____________ ____________

Result: The Crusades were a violation of “______________.” It was also an example of an abuse of church ____________. The effects of the Crusades are ____________ ____________ through that region of the world today.