Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Period \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ **Unit 3 Culture (Gender)**

1. Explore the websites on Gender Inequality Index(GII). (http://hdr.undp.org/en/statistics/gii and <http://chartsbin.com/view/4319>).
2. Explain what key factors are used to determine GII.
3. Using the chart provided on the following website, explain the difference between the United States Human Development Index (HDI) rank and its GII rank. (http://data.un.org/DocumentData.aspx?q=HDi&id=332)
4. Explain the difference between GII and the Gender-related development index (GDI) and Gender empowerment measure (GEM). Explain why the United Nations has adopted GII over GDI and GEM.
5. According to the Gender Inequality Index, inequality between men and women continues to be a global concern. Apply the following factors to explain why this situation continues to exist: two political factors, two social factors, and two economic factors. Try to use specific examples from the following regions in the world: Latin America, Sub-Saharan Africa, The Middle East, East Asia, South Asia, and Southeast Asia.

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| **Region** | **Political Factors** | **Social Factors** | **Economic Factor** |
| Latin America |  |  |  |
| Sub-Saharan Africa |  |  |  |
| The Middle East |  |  |  |
| East Asia |  |  |  |
| South Asia |  |  |  |
| Southeast Asia |  |  |  |