

HINDUISM

Define the following terms:

-Moksha:

-reincarnation:

-karma:

-Caste:

-Vedas:

Monotheistic or Polytheistic?

Who are some of the key Hindu gods?

How does a Hindu reach Moksha?

Hinduism Today:

India: Geography & Early Civilization

Setting the Stage

- a. Historians know less about the origins and eventual decline of early Indian cultures because the _____ of the culture has _____ been _____ yet.

The Geography of the Indian Subcontinent

- a. India, Pakistan, and Bangladesh make up the landmass of the Indian _____
- b. This region is separated from _____ by several _____, some of the tallest in the world _____, _____, & _____
- c. _____ River
 - a. Farming is only possible in the areas _____ by the Indus
 - b. Much of the lower Indus Valley is occupied by the _____ Desert
- d. _____ River
 - a. The Ganges flows from the _____ and flows across _____ India
 - b. It joins the _____ River as it flows into the Bay of _____
- b. Together these rivers make up a large area called the _____ - _____ which was great for agriculture, transportation, and irrigation
- c. Seasonal winds called _____ dominate India's climate
- d. Environmental challenges
 - a. _____ - unpredictable
 - b. The rivers sometimes _____ (Indus)
 - c. Monsoons brought unpredictable cycles of _____ and _____ seasons

Civilization Emerges on the Indus

- a. Historians have yet to _____ the Indus system of writing
- b. Still unclear when civilization began but evidence shows that people were using _____ goats and sheep around the year _____ B.C.
- e. The Indus Valley civilization is sometimes called the _____ because of many archeological discoveries made there
- f. _____ was one of their most remarkable achievements
- g. They used a _____ unlike Mesopotamia's maze of winding streets
- h. Engineers used an advanced _____ that rivaled 19th century plumbing
- i. This uniformity suggests that the Indus people had a strong _____

Harappan Culture

- a. Housing separations suggests divisions in society were _____
- b. Artifacts of toys and clay pots suggest a relatively _____ society
- c. Few items of warfare found suggesting that _____ was _____
- d. _____ were very important
- e. Historians believe that Harappan civilization used a _____, _____ connection?

Indus Valley Culture Ends

- a. Evidence found in the 1970s suggests that a shift in tectonic plates may have caused _____, _____, and caused the Indus to change course
- b. Some cities survived the disasters but other cities _____ were affected
- c. Later a group of people called the _____ would sweep into the area and take control

MAP ON BACKSIDE

BUDDHISM

Define the following terms:

-enlightenment:

-nirvana:

Monotheistic or Polytheistic?

Who was Siddhartha Gautama? What did he do?

ORIGINS & BELIEFS

Four Noble Truths

First	
Second	
Third	
Fourth	

Eightfold Path:

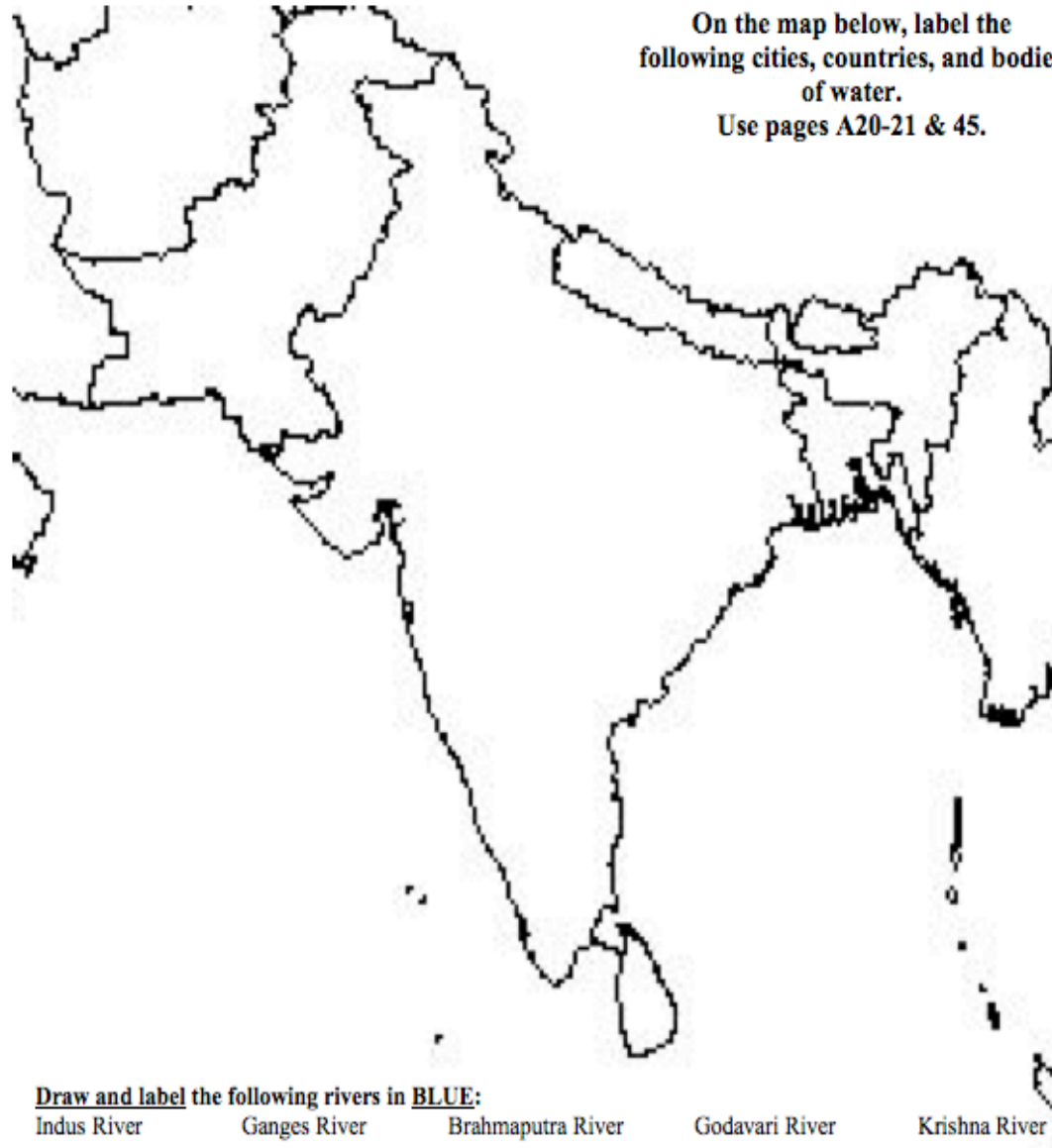
Buddhism Today:

Name _____ Hour _____

BUDDHISM FOLD

On the map below, label the
following cities, countries, and bodies
of water.
Use pages A20-21 & 45.

INDIA: HINDUISM & TRI-



Draw and label the following rivers in BLUE:

Indus River Ganges River Brahmaputra River Godavari River Krishna River

Label the following bodies of water and shade them BLUE:

Arabian Sea Bay of Bengal Andaman Sea

Label the following cities:

Harappa Kalibangan Mohenjo-Daro New Delhi

Label the following countries and color each using a different color (NOT BLUE):

Pakistan Afghanistan Nepal China Myanmar Sri Lanka Bangladesh

Label the following physical features (indicate mountains with ^^):

Hindu Kush Karakoram Mts Himalayas Western Ghats Eastern Ghats
Indo-Gangetic Plain Thar Desert Deccan Plateau Great Indian Desert