

**The Century: America's Time
Over The Edge** (video - 43 min)

Name _____

Introduction: During the last half of the 1930's, change continued to take place in the U.S. and elsewhere. New media outlets were beginning to take an ever more important place in national and international communications. FDR relied on the media to help restore trust and confidence in government and the economy. However, more sinister news was coming from across the Atlantic, for Adolf Hitler was on the move.

1. In a world still plagued by the depression, Berlin, the capital of Nazi Germany was _____.
2. The 1936 Olympics were to translate the athletes success into the success of National _____.
3. **True - False** 2 American Jewish runners were not allowed to compete, possibly because the American committee did not want to embarrass Hitler.
4. Jesse Owens won ____ gold medals in the 1936 Olympics.
5. FDR thought that in order to lift the nation's spirits, he had to make the country face the economic crisis head on _____.
6. The government hired _____ to capture the faces of the Great Depression.
7. _____ became America's favorite way to keep up with events.
8. The man who discovered radio to use it on a massive scale was FDR with his _____ Chats.
9. Roosevelt also saw the **radio newsreel** as a way to pull the nation together.
(circle one)
10. **True - False** The mass media was not important in Germany.
11. Every German was now within the sound of _____ voice.
12. _____ films promoted a glamorous Germanic world of tomorrow.
13. Germans were told they were the chosen people, the; **Master** **Great** (circle one) **Race**.
14. Germans burned books by authors who were deemed; **liars** **subversive** (circle one) by the German people.
15. Hitler's book, **M**_____ **K**_____ was now the blueprint for the German future.
16. **True - False** Thousands of political opponents were sent to 100's of concentration camps.
17. In the new Germany, only the purest members of the; **Aryan** **Jewish** (circle one) race were welcome.
18. Two years after coming to power, they came out with the Nuremburg Racial Laws, which _____ the Jews from the German people.
19. Jews were stripped of their _____.
20. On March 12, 1938, German soldiers took over; **Alsace-Lorraine.** **Austria.** (circle one)
21. A heavyweight boxing match between Max Schmeling & _____ turned into an international showdown.
22. Joe Lewis symbolized the struggle against **F**_____.
23. 2,800 Americans went to Spain to defend _____.
24. **True - False** By 1938, democracy was safe in Spain.

25. On September 12, 1938, Hitler demanded that the **S** _____ become part of Germany.
26. British Prime Minister Chamberlain abandoned this land to Germany in return for, "peace in our **age time**". (circle one)
27. Anger exploded on November 10, 1938, which became known as **K** _____.
28. For 24 hours, Nazi Storm Troopers rampaged through Germany & _____.
29. It was now clear, there was no future for _____ in Germany.
30. **True - False** FDR enabled Marion Anderson, a black, to sing at the Lincoln Memorial.
31. This was a powerful symbol of **political racial** (circle one) justice.
32. More than 900 German Jews tried to escape by sailing to _____ and then the _____ but were turned down.
33. The U.S. Congress was still in an _____ frame of mind.
34. The German attack of Poland started _____.
35. In the spring of 1940, Hitler turned his blitzkrieg against countries in _____ Europe.
36. _____ fell in just 6 weeks.
37. _____ was the last democratic stronghold.
38. Roosevelt was able to help the English with a program to _____ & _____ them arms.
39. In December of 1940, the first peacetime _____ began.
40. By 1941, history's **longest deadliest** (circle one) conflict was underway.