Ancient Egypt and Judaism
Outcome: The Origins of Judaism

1. Setting the Stage
   a. __________ was the ancient home of the ________________
   b. Hebrews were later called ______________
   c. The Hebrews history, legends, and moral laws have had a major influence on ________________.
   d. Part of their history is shared with ______________ and ____________

2. The Search for a Promised Land
   a. Ancient Palestine’s location made it a ______________ of the ______________ world.
   b. ___________: Region at the ______________ of the __________________ Sea.
   c. The _______ settled in _______ which was located in ___________
   d. According to the ______, Canaan was the land __________ to the Hebrews
   e. Most of what we know of early Hebrew history is found in the _____ _____ _____ of the Hebrew Bible known as the ______________.
   f. The Torah is the most sacred writings to the Hebrews and make up part of the ___ ___________ for the Christians
   g. In the Torah, God chose Abraham to be the “__________” of the Hebrew people
   h. Abraham was a ___________ who lived in Ur; God commanded him to move his people to ______________ around 1800 B.C.
   i. Around 1650 B.C. the descendents of Abraham moved to ________
   j. The Hebrews were ______________ and worshipped god ______________
   k. __________: Promise made by Abraham and his people to _______ Yahweh in return Yahweh had promised to _____________.

3. Moses and the Exodus
   a. The Bible says the Hebrews migrated to Egypt due to ________ and ________
   b. At first they were accepted but later were forced into ___________
   c. _______
   i. At the time of Moses’ birth, the Pharaoh felt __________ by the ________ and commanded that all first born males be ________________
   ii. Moses’ mother laid him in the reeds of the __________ to save him
   iii. A Egyptian princess found him and raised him in ___________
   iv. He did not forget his ______ _____ but no one knew including the Pharaoh
   v. Eventually Moses’ secret would get out and he became a _____________
   vi. By the command of God he was told to lead the Hebrews out of ___________
   vii. This became known as the Exodus; “__________________!”
   viii. As the Hebrews traveled across the Sinai Peninsula, Moses went to the top of __________ __________ to pray
   ix. The Bible says he spoke to God and was given the ___ ______________
x. These Ten Commandments and other teachings became the basis of _______ ______ of ___________ as well as Christianity.

4. The Kingdom of Israel
   a. Canaan was harsh with ________, rocky wilderness, and the hot valley of the _________ ________
   b. The _______ ___ ________ was the last remaining of the Hebrews and were soon called the ________ with their religion ______________
   c. The Hebrews united under one kingdom of ______________
   d. Israel as an official country would not be formed until ______________
   e. _________ became the most powerful of Hebrew kings and built a trading empire
   f. He glorified the city of _________________
   g. Soloman built an important temple in Jerusalem called _______________ ________
   h. The kingdom would divide in two: _______ in the north and _________ in the south

5. The Babylonian Captivity
   a. Eventually disaster struck: both Israel and Judah had to pay tribute to the ________
   b. __________: peace __________ ________ by a ________ power to a stronger power
   c. They paid the tribute to avoid being ___________ but was not enough
   d. In 725 B.C. the ______________ Samaria, the capital of Israel
   e. By 722 B.C. the whole northern kingdom was under ______________ ______________
   f. The southern kingdom lasted another 150 years before falling to the ______________
   g. The Assyrians had been losing control to Babylonian king _________________
   h. Soloman’s Temple was ______________ by the Babylonians
   i. In 539 B.C. Persian King _______________ ________ took power and allowed many Hebrew exiles to return to Jerusalem to ________________ Soloman’s Temple
   j. Many others would dominate the region including the ____________, ____________, and the ______________
   k. _______________ is still a very important city for Jews, Christians, and Muslims

Result: The history of the __________ has been a long and arduous journey. Of the five major religions studied in this class, theirs will be the oldest and one of the most ___________. Many of their practices and ideas would cross into many ______________ ______________ today.

Constructive Response Question
Describe the origin and core beliefs of Judaism?

Topic Sentence: